### ○ PATENT COOPERATION TREATY



From the INTERNATIONAL SEARCHING AUTHORITY

То:			PCT			
see form PCT/ISA/220			WRITTEN OPINION OF THE INTERNATIONAL SEARCHING AUTHORITY (PCT Rule 43bis.1)  Date of mailing (day/month/year) see form PCT/ISA210 (second sheet)			
Applicant's or agent's file reference see form PCT/ISA/220			FOR FURTHER ACTION See paragraph 2 below			
PCT	national application No. I/GB2004/005443	International filing date ( 22.12.2004		Priority date (day/month/year) 23.12.2003		
International Patent Classification (IPC) or both national classification and IPC C08L5/08, A61L27/26						
Applicant INNOMED LIMITED						
This opinion contains indications relating to the following items:						
	☐ Box No. II Priority					
	☐ Box No. III Non-establish	ment of opinion with reg	gard to novelty, inventi	ve step and industrial applicability		
l	☐ Box No. IV Lack of unity of					
	⊠ Box No. V Reasoned state applicability; c	tement under Rule 43 <i>bi</i> itations and explanatior	is.1(a)(i) with regard to ns supporting such sta	o novelty, inventive step or industrial tement		
	☐ Box No. VI Certain docum					
☐ Box No. VII Certain defects in the international a						
	☐ Box No. VIII Certain observ	vations on the internation	onal application			
2.	FURTHER ACTION					
If a demand for international preliminary examination is made, this opinion will usually be considered to be a written opinion of the International Preliminary Examining Authority ("IPEA"). However, this does not apply when the applicant chooses an Authority other than this one to be the IPEA and the chosen IPEA has notified the International Bureau under Rule 66.1 bis(b) that written opinions of this International Searching Authority will not be so considered.						
	If this opinion is, as provided above, considered to be a written opinion of the IPEA, the applicant is invited to submit to the IPEA a written reply together, where appropriate, with amendments, before the expiration of three months from the date of mailing of Form PCT/ISA/220 or before the expiration of 22 months from the priority date, whichever expires later.					
	For further options, see Form P	CT/ISA/220.		a		
3	For further details, see notes to	Form PCT/ISA/220.				

Name and mailing address of the ISA:

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Form (PCT/ISA/237) (Cover Sheet) (January 2004)

# WRITTEN OPINION OF THE INTERNATIONAL SEARCHING AUTHORITY

1

International application No. PCT/GB2004/005443

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	Box	No.	I Basis of the opinion		
1.	With the I	rega angu	ard to the language, this opinion has been established on the basis of the international application in uage in which it was filed, unless otherwise indicated under this item.		
		lang	opinion has been established on the basis of a translation from the original language into the following uage , which is the language of a translation furnished for the purposes of international search der Rules 12.3 and 23.1(b)).		
2.	With	reg essa	ard to any <b>nucleotide and/or amino acid sequence</b> disclosed in the international application and ry to the claimed invention, this opinion has been established on the basis of:		
	a. ty	pe o	f material:		
	C	) a	a sequence listing		
	[	) t	able(s) related to the sequence listing		
	b. format of material:				
		J i	n written format		
	ב	J i	n computer readable form		
	c. ti	me c	of filing/furnishing:		
	ſ	، د	contained in the international application as filed.		
	[	J 1	filed together with the international application in computer readable form.		
	(	] 1	furnished subsequently to this Authority for the purposes of search.		
3.		has	addition, in the case that more than one version or copy of a sequence listing and/or table relating thereto been filed or furnished, the required statements that the information in the subsequent or additional sies is identical to that in the application as filed or does not go beyond the application as filed, as propriate, were furnished.		
4.	Additional comments:				

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## WRITTEN OPINION OF THE INTERNATIONAL SEARCHING AUTHORITY

International application No. PCT/GB2004/005443

Box No. V Reasoned statement under Rule 43bis.1(a)(i) with regard to novelty, inventive step or industrial applicability; citations and explanations supporting such statement

1. Statement

Novelty (N)

Yes: Claims

No: Claims

1-14

Inventive step (IS)

Yes: Claims

No: Claims

1-14

Industrial applicability (IA)

Yes: Claims

1-10

No: Claims

2. Citations and explanations

see separate sheet

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WRITTEN OPINION OF THE INTERNATIONAL SEARCHING AUTHORITY (SEPARATE SHEET)



PCT/GB2004/005443

#### Re Item V

Reasoned statement with regard to novelty, inventive step or industrial applicability; citations and explanations supporting such statement

Reference is made to the following documents:

D1: US-A-5 658 915 (ABE ET AL) 19 August 1997

D2: US-A-5 496 933 (KELKENBERG ET AL) 5 March 1996

D3: US-B1-6 224 893 (LANGER ROBERT S ET AL) 1 May 2001

#### 1. Novelty - Article 33(2) PCT

The subject-matter of claims 1-14 is anticipated by D1.

D1 is directed to an antibacterial agent containing a polyelectrolyte complex (PEC) prepared by reacting a cationic polysaccharide (a4) like chitosan or a derivative thereof (see Preparation Examples 12-17) with an anionic polysaccharide (b3) like hyaluronic acid, which are crosslinked to each other by ionic bonds (between the N<sup>+</sup> sites of the cationic polymer and the acid sites of the anionic polymer, see column 4, lines 58-65) and form a gel which is insoluble in a solvent. The PEC may be shaped and processed in the form of a fibre, a film, a sheet, a block, a latex or a gel and used as an antibacterial material in a wet or dry state (see the passages cited in the International Search Report).

The formulation of **present claims 1 and 7** does not allow to distinguish the covalently crosslinked chitosan in which resides hyaluronic acid (see page 3, lines 10-21, of the description) from a ionic complex therefrom as disclosed in D1 since the type of the bonding is not specified. Moreover, one cannot exclude the presence of ionic bonds with hyaluronic acid even if the chitosan has been covalently crosslinked.

The Applicant chose to define the conditions to avoid protonation of the primary and secondary amine groups on the basic polysaccharide and the reaction of hydroxyl groups or any other functional group on the anionic polysaccharide in **process claim 7** by the result to be achieved (see the Guidelines 5.35). This is considered unclear (Article 6 PCT) and cannot thus be taken into consideration for the assessment of novelty.

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# WRITTEN OPINION OF THE INTERNATIONAL SEARCHING AUTHORITY (SEPARATE SHEET)

International application No.

PCT/GB2004/005443

#### 2. Inventive step - Article 33(3) PCT

Since the subject-matter of claims 1-14 is not novel, the question of inventive step appears to be superfluous.

It should however be kept in mind that D3 points toward the use of polymer compositions of blends of covalently and ionically crosslinkable polymer like chitosan and hyaluronic acid which when exposed to radiation form semi-interpenetrating networks, the non-crosslinked polymer being able to diffuse. Biologically acitve material as for instance polysaccharides can also be added to said polymer compositions to be used for drug delivery.

This disclosure would lead the skilled person to the claimed subject-matter.

#### 3. Industrial applicability - Article 33(4) PCT

- **3.1.** The subject-matter of present **claims 1-10** appears to comply with the requirements of industrial applicability as stipulated in Article 33(4) PCT.
- **3.2. Claims 11-14** relate to subject-matter considered by this Authority to be covered by the provisions of Rule 67.1 (iv) PCT. Consequently, no opinion will be formulated with respect to the industrial applicability of the subject-matter of these claims (Article 34(4)(a)(I) PCT).

For the assessment of the present claims 11-14 on the question whether they are industrially applicable, no unified criteria exist in the PCT Contracting States. The patentability can also be dependent upon the formulation of the claims. The EPO, for example, does not recognize as industrially applicable the subject-matter of claims to the use of a compound in medical treatment, but may allow, however, claims to a known compound for first use in medical treatment and the use of such a compound for the manufacture of a medicament for a new medical treatment.

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